

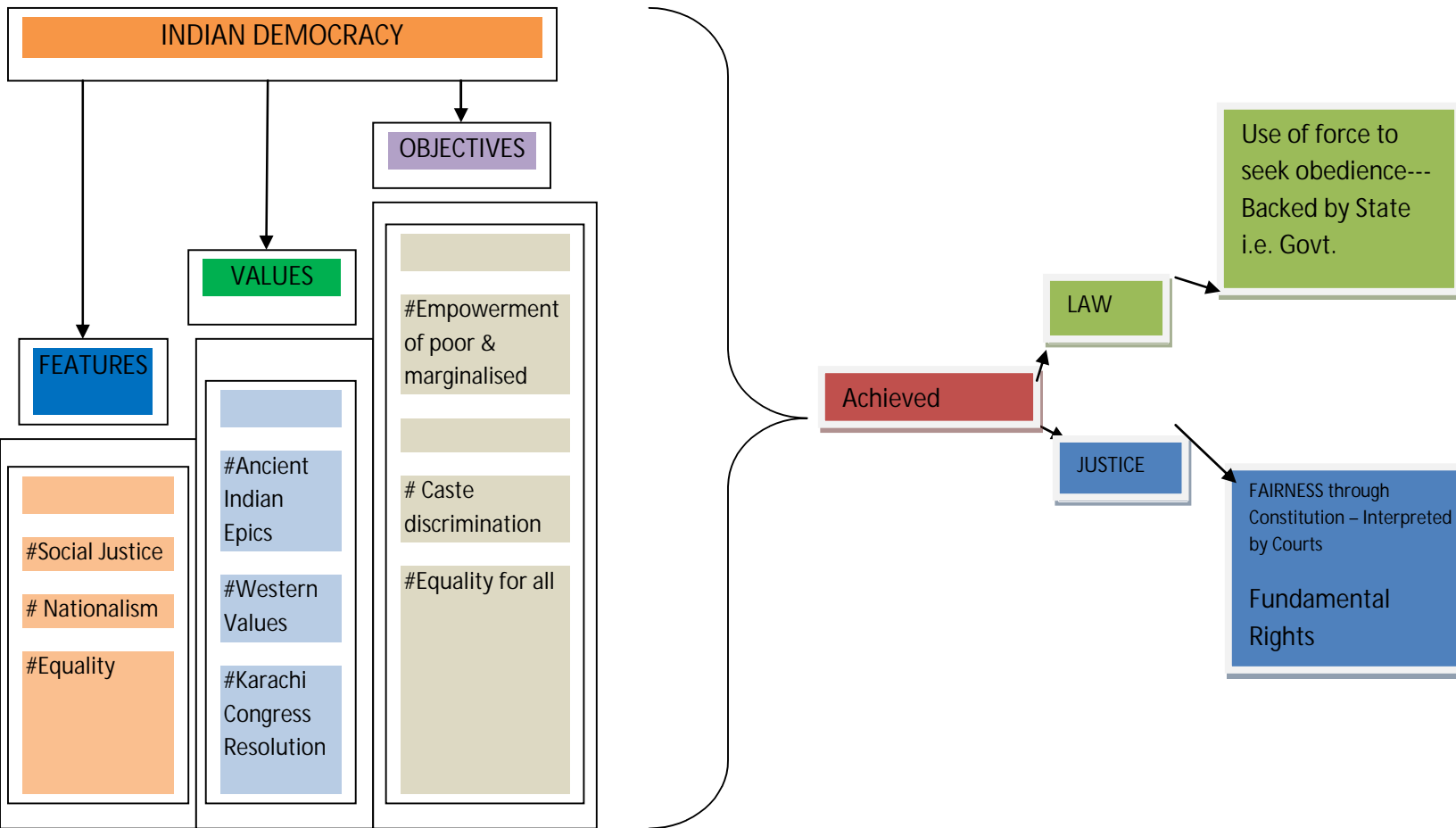
## RESOURCE 13

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|----|--|---|
| 1  | Topic                                  | Indian Democracy-its objectives, features and values; law and justice   |
| 2  | Subject                                | Sociology   |
| 3  | Topic connected which area of subject? | The Story of Indian Democracy   |
| 4  | Class/ Level                           | XII   |
| 5  | Objectives                             | To make students understand — <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The objectives of democracy</li> <li>• Concepts of law and justice</li> </ul>  |
| 6  | Summary                                | Democracy as system of governance has within itself certain objectives laid out that ensure a just and lawful society. Keeping this mind, law and justice become two very important concepts which are separate by a minute difference which students must be able to understand. Law and justice are essential for achieving the goals of participatory democracy. |
| 7  | Key Words                              | Participatory, democracy, law, justice, governance, equality, nationalism   |
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### DESCRIPTION

Participatory democracy enables its members encourage its citizens to make collective decisions in the interest of the nation. Today the most important form of democracy is representative democracy. Law-a core value in achieving democracy coerces obedience and is backed by the state. The essence of justice is fairness and any system of laws functions through a hierarchy of authorities.

RESOURCE 1



TEACHER/STUDENT ACTIVITY

1. Differentiate between law and justice.
2. Which form of democracy does India practice? Explain the same.